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The POWER *of* WOMEN.

WHENEVER you ſhall be pleaſed to turn over the third chapter of the firſt book of the Prophet Eſdras, you will there find written to the following purpoſe:

In the reign of Darius Hyſtaſpes (ſucceſſor to the grand Cyrus, whom ye may read of in romance) Darius made a great feaſt to all his princes and nobles!—to his chief captains and to the governors of his hundred and twenty ſeven provinces; and at the feaſt, three young and princely geniuſes aroſe, and offered to diſpute for pre-eminence before the great aſſembly. And the queſtion turned to what was ſtrongeſt—the firſt ſaid that wine is the ſtrongeſt—the ſecond ſaid that the king is the ſtrongeſt—and the third ſaid that Woman is the ſtrongeſt.——

When the two firſt had ſpoken their ſentiments, then ſlow and baſhful, aroſe the young advocate for the fair, and bowing thrice around, let his words go forth as the breathing of ſoft muſic.

Great, O Prince! great is the ſtrength of wine, and much greater the ſtrength and glory of majeſty! But yet, there is a ſuperior power! a power that tempers and moderates, and to which even rulers themſelves pay delightful obedience.

Man, is as the rough element of earth, unmollified by the fluidity of water and light!—Heaven therefore ſent woman! gentle, bright and beauteous woman! to ſoothe, form, and illuminate, the rudeneſs of his maſs.

She comes upon man in the meekneſs of water! and in the brightneſs of the morning beam! ſhe imperceptibly infuſes love and delight into him, and bids his affections go forth upon kindred and country.

The planter who planted the vineyard, and vintner who preſſed the grape were born of woman! and by woman alone, the ſubject and the ſovereign receive exiſtence, with all that can make exiſtence advantageous or deſirable!

She brings man forth in meekneſs, and ſhe brings him up to his ſtrength! he is foſtered in her boſom! he is nouriſhed with her ſubſtance! and he imbibes into his being; the ſweetneſs of humanity, with the milk of his mother!

Without woman, where would be father; or where would be child? Where the relations, endearments and connexions of kindred? The charity that binds the wide world together, in one inclufive family? the great brotherhood of man.

She comes not againſt you, O ye princes and nobles! in the hoſtility of weapons, or in the fearfulneſs of power! No, ſhe comes in the comfort and mild light of beauty! ſhe looks abaſhed, and takes you captive.—She trembles, and you obey; her's is the ſureſt ſeigniority on earth, for her dominion is ſweet, and our ſubjection voluntary; and a freedom from her yoke, is what no man can bear.

There are no forms of human government that can exempt us from her ſway; no ſyſtem of laws that can exclude her authority. Do we not ſtudy, toil and ſweat, and go forth in the darkneſs, and put our faces to every danger, at home and in far countries, to win and bring home ornaments and treaſures to our loves? Even the robbers, and ſavage ſpoilers of mankind, grow tame to the civilizing prerogative of female beauty.

If men ſeek peace, it is to live in kindly ſociety with woman; and if they ſeek war, it is to pleaſe her with the report and renown of their valor.

Even Darius! the higheſt and mightieſt! the king of kings, and lord of all temporal lords! is caught in the bewitching net of his Miſtreſs APAME! I ſaw her ſeated by his ſide. She took the crown from his head, and gave it new luſtre by the beauty of her brow, and by the brightneſs of her treſſes? I ſaw her chide him in her playfulneſs, and even ſtrike him in her petulance; yet, he preſſed the hand of the pleaſing preſumption to his lips; he gazed fondly, and fixed on her; if ſhe laughed, he laughed alſo; but if ſhe affected diſpleaſure, he ſpoke and looked ſubmiſſive, and was fain to plead and ſue for reconcilement.

Here ended the blooming orator. The monarch aroſe from his throne, and gave loud applauſe! and the roof reſounded with the ſhouts and acclamations of the whole aſſembly.

Whereof it was decreed (by the laws of the Medes and Perſians) that Female beauty ought to govern the world in meekneſs, and that men owed thereto a voluntary obedience.

Hear ye fair daughters of this happy land,
Whoſe radient eyes the vanquiſh'd world command.
VIRTUE *is beauty; but when charms of mind,*
With ELEGANCE *of outward form are join'd.*
When YOUTH *makes ſuch bright objects ſtill more bright.*
And Fortune ſets them in the faireſt light;
'Tis all of HEAVEN—*that we on earth can view,*
And all, *but adoration is your due.*

The MISFORTUNES *of* LIGRAC.

A TALE TOO TRUE!

LIGRAC was the daughter of an opulent tradeſman, ſhe had no other than a common education; but the ſweetneſs of her voice determined her to embrace the profeſſion of an actreſs; and, indeed, it would have been cruel to have deprived the Bulians of a harmleſs pleaſure, by concealing ſo excellent a talent. Ligrac was engaged; and captivated all who ſaw, all who heard her.

There is perhaps no ſtation wherein the fair ſex are ſo much expoſed to temptations as on the ſtage. Ligrac, of courſe, had many admirers; and among the reſt, one whoſe offers ſhe thought it prudent to accept, for they were ſuch as promiſed the tranquility of retirement, and the enjoyment of affluence.

EDALI was one of thoſe men who, without any accompliſhments which render riches reſpectable, was ambitious of public regard, and the applauſe of an ignorant multitude; and theſe he endeavored to obtain by plunging into diſſipation, and contributing to ſuch of the public ſports and diverſions as delight the "great, vulgar, and the little;" for of elegant amuſement, or mental recreation, Edali had no ſort of conception. Againſt the charms of beauty, however, neither ignorance nor dulneſs can make any forcible reſiſtance; and as it is a principle of folly to be diſcontented without the poſſeſſion of that which has the admiration of multitudes, Edali ſacrificed part of his wealth for the company of Ligrac; and agreed to ſupport her for life, on condition that ſhe formed no new connexions, and attached herſelf ſolely to him.

But it was never yet in the power of beauty to render its influence perpetual; though it may retain its qualities, and even grow more lovely, it can ſeldom conquer to oppoſition of novelty, or enſnare a laſting attachment to the human heart. Cuſtom renders it familiar, and familiarity produces indifference: Then it is that mental accompliſhmenss, ſweetneſs of diſpoſition, and propriety of conduct, are to preſerve that affection which beauty created, but which beauty can no longer inſure. But qualities like theſe have little effect on the heart of him who ſeeks only the gratification of brutal paſſions. If, therefore, Ligrac poſſeſſed them, ſhe poſſeſſed them in vain; for, beſides the natural inſenſibility of Edali, he was not only tired of Ligrac, but he was avaricious, and conſequently deſirous not only of quitting her arms, but of anulling the contract by which he was bound to ſupport her for life.

Ignorance and cunning are often aſſociated.—Edali conſidered how the latter ſcheme might be accompliſhed; and at length found that a confederacy was neceſſary: He therefore imparted his deſign to a man of little or no property, and who, like himſelf, would "circumvent Heaven" for intereſt. It was now the chief buſineſs of theſe two to find out means for depriving a harmleſs girl of her livelihood, and to complete the ruin which Edali had begun.

To which of them the honor of the invention is due, I have not been able to diſcover; but they at length adopted a plan which had the deſired effect; and ſhews to what baſeneſs human nature is capable of deſcending, and how ſoon "the wicked find fit inſtruments of ill." It was propoſed that the confederate, putting on the habit of a Bulian nobleman, and appearing as one poſſeſſed of more extenſive property than Edali, ſhould pay his court to Ligrac, and offer his hand in marriage; which, as Edali had quitted her, it was not likely ſhe would refuſe. Thus Edali would be freed from the performance of his contract; and his confederate would gain a wife, from whoſe theatrical talents he expected to derive a conſiderable emolument.

Ligrac received the addreſſes of the confederate, and the nuptials were celebrated. He had recommended himſelf more particularly by an aſſurence that ſhe ſhould quit a theatrical life; but ſhortly after the marriage was conſumated, he calmly informed her of the whole deception.

I ſhall not attempt to deſcribe the feelings of the unfortunate Ligrac; no pen can deſcribe them; and yet, ſuch was the goodneſs of her diſpoſition, that, had ſhe fallen into other hands, ſhe had been reconciled and happy. But, alas!

what happineſs could ſhe expect in the arms of one capable of thus deceiving her? She not only abandoned him, but her country, her father, and her friends; thouſands of leagues did ſhe go, and at length found herſelf in Aidni, breathing perfumes, and living in the luxuries peculiar to that country.

Here ſhe formed a new connexion, and was bleſſed with an infant, "ſweet as his mother's beauty." Having acquired riches, and deſirous of reviſiting her native country, with her lovely infant in her arms; ſhe, with many others, entered a ſhip deſtined for Bulia; and with a panting heart, bade adieu to Aidni.

It was a voyage of many months; a voyage the hapleſs Ligrac never accompliſhed!

The ſhip had not been many days at ſea, before a ſtorm aroſe, which threatened diſtruction to the whole company. The immenſity of water momentarily increaſed, daſhing ſo vehemently againſt the ſides of the veſſel, as almoſt to overſet it. But fate, weary of creating the anxieties and pains attendant on uncertainty, at length proclaimed her deciſive decree; and the ſhip made a rapid deſcent into the midſt of the waves, where Ligrac, her infant, and all her companions, periſhed!

Such was the end of the lovely, the unfortunate Ligrac.

Her body was afterwards found by ſome Bulian mariners; what is remarkable, her infant was claſped in her arms. The ſight touched even the hard hearts of the ſeamen: With tears in their eyes, they committed their bodies to the earth; and a Bulian poet inſcribed this verſe over Ligrac's grave.

"*Let coxcombs flatter, and let fools adore.*
"*Here learn the leſſon—to be vain no more.*"

THE MORALIST.

For the WEEKLY MUSEUM.

DETRACTION.

OH! for a pen dipt in ſatyr, to pourtray one of the meaneſt and moſt deteſtable vices fallen man is guilty of—But hold! will it not be moſt beneficial to ſhew the ſin of this vice, and the ſad train of evil conſequences reſulting from it—

Detraction is a low vice proceeding from envy and malice, and abating nought of the deformity of its originals; and in that breaſt where theſe ſins have grown, like ill weeds, to a great height, we may venture to pronounce, that peace, happineſs, and contentment, with all their concomitant bleſſings, have flown away, never to return. Is this the coin the ſlanderer receives? Be aſſured it is; for if our hearts are filled with envy, or malice, it is impoſſible that the SUPREME BEING will look upon us with an eye of mercy; but will rather draw from us the *light of his countenance*, and give us over to a reprobate mind: This will be an unſpeakable miſery to be deſerted by that GOD, *whoſe favor is better than life*, and and by whoſe bleſſing we can only be made happy in time or in eternity. By our ſpeaking an evil word againſt our neighbour, we may rob him of his good name, and ſo take from him that which is nearer to him than his life, and plunge him into want and miſery.

Let theſe conſiderations prompt us, whilſt in our youth, (becauſe then good or bad habits are to be put on or thrown off) carefully to diſcourage, and endeavor to eradicate this ſin from our own breaſts, if it has made its appearance there. Let us ſtrive to meliorate the troubleſome journey of life, and above all let us remember the word of GOD commands that we ſhould *ſpeak evil of no man*, that we ſhould *judge not that we be not judged*, but rather cover our brother's failings with the mantle of charity.

J. S.

September 5, 1793.

For the WEEKLY MUSEUM.

To ALMERIA.

THE ſigh is breath'd that bade my peace depart,
When from my hopes *Almeria*'s form it bore;
The hour is paſt that in my darken'd heart
Saw joys faint gleam expire, to blaze no more.

Autumn has pour'd her treaſure o'er the vales;
Fierce *Winter*'s ſtorms have howl'd acroſs the heath;
Gay *Spring* has breath'd her aromatic gales,
And joyous *Summer* twin'd her varied wreath.

Yet ſtill unchang'd my woe fraught ſoul remains,
Thro' all the movement of the varying year;
Nor time, nor change can break affections chains,
Or check dread *memory*'s unfailing tear.

Urg'd on by fate, inſatiate ſtill I drink
Reflection's cup, ting'd deep with miſery;
Forbid to *hope*, I cannot ceaſe to *think*,
Nor, while that pow'r remains, *to think on thee*.

While o'er my grief-bent head the Seaſons roll,
On thee, and joys long paſt, my thoughts ſhall dwell,
Till with its lateſt ſigh, my fleeting ſoul
Shall bid *Almeria* and the world farewell.

Sept. 2. CELADON.

LINES,

Written by an AMERICAN YOUTH *of eighteen years of age, on enliſting himſelf into the Army of the United States.*

YE proudly great, who ſhine on grandeur's liſt,
Who never heard oppreſſion clank her chains—
Who by the charms of gold her power reſiſt,
And live ador'd, where Independence reigns.

Ye ſenſeleſs ſouls who ſink in pleaſure's arms,
Ye who recline on lux'ry's downy bed—
Who, born to eaſe, enjoy her pleaſing charms,
And walk were fancy's flow'ry carpet's ſpread.

And ye, more happy and leſs envied few
On whom, indulgent Heav'n, each bleſſing pours,
On whom benign contentment ſmiles, and who
Draw rich ſupplies from fortune's golden ſtores.

Long, long may you enjoy this pleaſing ſcene,
Be all thoſe joys and that kind fate your own;
'Tis mine to tread the vale of life unſeen,
To fame, to fortune, and the world unknown.

On me the graces never deign'd to ſmile,
But the fair muſes from their bleſt abode
Beheld, and ſentenc'd me to uſeleſs toil;
To tread afflictions rough and thorny road.

Say, ſhall I ſtill purſue the artleſs theme?
Shall *he* preſume to join the tuneful throng,
Whoſe only merit is a thirſt for fame,
Whoſe greateſt glory is a ſimple ſong?

I'll rather ſtrive to gain the ſoldier's bays,
Whoſe fame's the fav'rite theme of every tongue;
I'll claim the glorious meed of martial praiſe,
Which DELLA CRUSCA has ſo ſweetly ſung.

The purple current, the rich ſtreams of blood,
Which freely flow'd from youthful warrior's veins,
Have ting'd the fair OHIO's cryſtal flood,
And ſtain'd the wild MIAMI's fertile plains.

My country calls me to the field of death,
The ſtandard flies, the clarion ſoupds th' alarm;
Th' expiring heroes bleeding on the heath
Call loud for juſtice's avenging arm.

Farewell ye flowery fields, ye ſylvan ſhades,
And all the fond delights of roral life!
I go to wander thro' the deſert glades,
I march to mingle with the ſons of ſtriſe.

Ye lov'd companions of my infant hours
To my remembrance have a ſtronger claim;
Young friends, with whom I rov'd thro' fancy's bow'rs,
Adieu to you—Adieu to all but fame!

And when to Heaven I've made a ſacred vow,
I'll quit theſe ſcenes—to Freedom's ſtandard fly—
I'll pluck one laurel to adorn my brow,
And conqu'ring TRIUMPH, or triumphing DIE!

J. E.

THE *MEDLEY*.

CURIOUS LOVE LETTER,

From a young Lady, lodging at an eminent Perfumer's, to a young officer in the H—ſe G—ds.

To CAPTAIN ——.

THE gardener when he incloſes his ground, and lays out his walks, ſays to his ſervants, "here a mount ſhall riſe; here a ſtream ſhall wind; and here grais-plats ſhall be ranged;" forgetting all the while that mounts, ſtreams, and grais-plats alone, do not make a garden. In vain is tree planted againſt tree, in vain does ſhade receive us *here* from ſunſhine, and ſunſhine *there* allure us to ſhade. The tulip muſt invite the eye with its painting, the lilly muſt charm with its whiteneſs, and the muſk roſe ſcent the air with ſweets, or it is a park and not a garden.

Thus I have in vain ornamented my apartments; in vain the gilded foliage invites me to look into the glaſs; in vain the crimſon couch receives my ſinking limbs, if *you* who are tulip, lilly, and muſk roſe at once, refuſe to come to me.

I have enjoyed no reſt ſince I ſaw you enter the ſhop under my apartment to buy a *waſh ball*. O! that the people who ſerved you could ſell me any thing to waſh out the remembrance of your charms.—But perhaps you will come to me.—In *that* I ſupport a few moments a miſerable being. *Pity your ever devoted.*

ANECDOTE.

CHARLES FOX, receiving one day a box on the ear from his father, at a public dinner, he ſtruck the next perſon in the ſame manner, and deſired it might go round the table, until it came to his father again.

PARENTAL SENSIBILITY,

WAS perhaps, never more expreſſly or fatally illuſtrated, than in the caſe of M. S—v—ge, Eſq. late of ——ſquare, Whitechapel, (Liverpool.) This gentleman had been almoſt conſtantly accuſtomed to a life of great viciſſitude, and unmerited oppreſſion, particularly in being refuſed admiſſion to the bar, after he had by great ſtudy and experience, approved for the higheſt degree a ſtrong natural ability for the profeſſion of law. This, however, and every other misfortune, he ſupported with a degree of manly reſolution, not frequently to be met with; but at the miſconduct of an only daughter, his ſpirit inſtantly fled: ſhe diſappeared on a ſudden, and was not, without much pains, and a conſiderable elapſe of time, diſcovered in a ſituation and houſe which may be nameleſs.

Having carried the unfortunate victim home, Mr. S. called for a glaſs of water, appeared for ſome moments much agitated—laid his hand on his breaſt—and, declaring that his heart was breaking, he dropped down and expired immediately.

NEW-YORK, SEPTEMBER 7.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

Two veſſels arrived from France in 33 days, have brought news from Paris to the 8th of July.

At that period the National Convention had compleated the Conſtitution, decreed the convocation of a new Convention for the 9th of November next, and enjoined the Executive Council to continue the war with the greateſt vigour, to ſuffer no part of the forces of the Republic to remain inactive, and to hearken to no propoſition of peace from the enemy before the 1ſt of November; every Citizen concurred with enthuſiaſm in the execution of this law. Recruitings for the land ſervice gave the greateſt ſatisfaction, and ſailors flocking from all parts on board the ſhips of the Republic, eager to ſupport the honor of the national flag. Commerce is ſuſpended, the conſequence of almoſt all the merchant ſhips being converted into privateers. The prizes which they take are innumemerable, and create abundance in our ports. Combats beteen the frigates were frequent at the commencement of the war, and our ſailors have diſplayed the greateſt bravery in every engagement; the enemy, though obliged to do juſtice to their valour, yet ſeemed to think they were not ſufficiently expert in naval tactics to make head againſt them, ſubſequent events, however, have proved the contrary. The ſquadrons of Breſt and Rochefort, being united to the number of 27 ſail of the line, have completely defeated the Engliſh and Dutch Fleets, while the diviſion of Toulon has hindered the Spaniards from undertaking any thing either againſt our coaſts or Corſica. Our armies have been equally ſucceſsful; the Auſtrians, after having abandoned Valenciennes, have been obliged to raiſe the ſiege, in conſequence of many briſk ſallies from the garriſon; and we are aſſured that the beſiegers have loſt above 10,000 men, and their general, the Prince of Cobourg. The ſiege of Liſle has been raiſed.

The dragoons have given incredible proofs of bravery on the ſide of Coblentz; have been informed, that Prince Joſeph of Lorraine, the Emperor's brother, has advanced a little diſtance from a camp which they occupied there, they conceived the deſign of carrying him off, and completely ſucceeded. The army of the Royaliſts in Britanny is intirely defeated, and it is expected, that Bernard Marigny, who commands there, will ſoon fall into the hands of the Republicans, who will not fail to inflict on him the puniſhment due to his crimes.

Extract of a letter from Savannah, dated Aug. 8.

"His Excellency the Governor, having received information that a certain John Marſhall, of the county of Camden, on the 10th ult. preſented his gun, and fired the load through the body of Capt. Abner Williams, giving him one wound under the left breaſt, whereof on the ſame day he died, and that the ſaid John Marſhall hath abſconded, on the 30th iſſued a proclamation, offering a reward of 50l. one moiety thereof to be paid on his commitment to any good and ſufficient gaol within this ſtate, and the other on trial and conviction."

Extract of a letter from a Merchant of London, dated 17th of July laſt, to a gentleman of this city.

"I muſt refer you to the papers for public news, and only tell you, that it is the prevailing opinion here, that an honourable peace is near at hand. We have had no failures of conſequence for ſome time paſt, and I think the want of money and confidence to ſubſide—Your friends are getting up—I can with great truth aſſure you, our goverment and the public in general ſhew every diſpoſition to cultivate harmony with your States and I ſincerely hope, that the rage for privateering may not interfere."

There has been a hurricane at St. Kitts, and at St. Euſtatia on Monday the 12th Auguſt which laſted till nine the next morning, five ſail of veſſels were blown aſhore at St. Euſtatia, and twelve or fifteen at St. Kitts, amoung the number, it is ſaid were, the Liberty, Capt. Miller, of Philadelphia, and the ſhip Aurora, Capt. Byrne. alſo two of Capt. Amory's New-Providence privateers.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—We hear that the Britiſh ſhip Queen, of 93 guns, the Orion and another of 74, with three frigates and a ſloop of war, are cruiſing off the Delaware and Cheſapeake bays—and that, beſides the privateer Sans Culottes, the Orion has taken the induſtry, a French privateer fitted out at Baltimore,

Sept. 4.—The French ſhip La Ville de L'Orient, Capt. Malin, mounting 24 guns, arrived here yeſterday from the French Eaſt-Indies, richly laden with ſilks, &c. The cargo is valued at eight millions of livres—The Capt. of this ſhip knew nothing of the war, until he was off the Azores, where he fell in with ſome American Captains, particularly Capt. Coffin, who gave the firſt information. The Frenchman then ſteered for Norfolk, but meeting a pilot, who informed him that ſome Britiſh ſhips of war were near, he then put about for the Delaware Capes and got ſafe into port. He expreſſes the utmoſt gratitude for the attention and information given him by ſundry American Captains.

INDIAN WAR INEVITABLE.

An Expreſs arrived yeſterday at the War-Office, from the Commiſſioners for treating with the Indians north of the Ohio:

We learn that they are not able even to effect a meeting with the body of the hoſtile Indians, who are ſettled at the Rapids of the Miami River which runs into Lake Erie.

The Indians by deputation inſiſted upon the Ohio as the boundary between them and the United States. But, as ſo extenſive a conceſſion was inadmiſſable, and no relaxation of this demand being indicated, the Commiſſioners, who had been waiting at the mouth of Detroit River from the 21ſt of July, left that place on the 17th of Auguſt, and arrived at Fort Erie on the 24th of the ſame month.

The tribes determined for war are, the Wyandots, Delawares, Shawaneſe, and Miamis; although it is underſtood, that a conſiderable portion of thoſe were for peace.

It is alſo underſtood that the Six Nations, including Capt. Brant, and his Mohawks, ſtrongly urged the hoſtile Indians to make peace.

Boſton, Sept. 2.—On Thurſday arrived here the ſhip Thomas and Sarah, Capt. Seaver, in 67 days from Ruſſia—before Capt. Seaver ſailed, a fleet of 20 ſail of the line of Ruſſian ſhips, with troops on board, had ſailed for Revil—probably to join the combined powers.

Charlſton, Aug. 15.—Yeſterday arrived here the brig Thomas, Capt. Peyrinaut, belonging to Edenton, N. Carolina, in ſeventeen days paſſage from the Cape Francois, with one hundred white paſſengers, among whom are M. D'Aſſas, col. of the regiment of the Cape, and M. de Graſſe, ſon of the late admiral de Graſſe; alſo fourteen ſervants. On the 30th ult. off the Caicos, the brig fell in with the privateer ſloop Savannah, commanded by captain Francis Tucker with a part of his crew came on board the brig, and inhumanly and piratically plundered the paſſengers, who had juſt eſcaped from the horrors of fire and maſſacre, of the wreck of their fortunes, conſiſting of upwards of 60,000 crowns in caſh and plate, with thirty prime ſlaves. He then quitted the brig, after given captain Peprinaut a certificate that he had "overhauled the veſſel."

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Arrivals Since our laſt.

Frigate Concord, Van Dogen, Boſton
Normand, ——, Philadelphia
Ship Ellice, Hervey, London
Briſtol, Barons, do.
Induſtry, Rudden, Cadiz
Nerus, M'Ever, Liverpool
Good Intent, ——, Briſtol, prize to the French ſloop of war of 22 guns, called the Marſeilles, whom ſhe engaged till her topmaſts went overboard, the Capt. and 8 men killed and 20 wounded.
Brig Rebecca, Brown, Hull
Sarah, Findlaſter, Bay of Hundurus, prize to the Concord French Frigate
Petit Democrat, ——, From a Cruize
Friends, Smith, Antigua, 15 days
Waſhington, De Kay, Liſbon, 44 days prize to the Favorite, French ſloop of war of 22 guns
Schooner Commerce, Bouten, St. Martins
Sloop Hiberaia, Manchſter, St. Johns, N.B.
Hiram, Brooks, St. Martins
Carmagnole, ——, From a Cruize

Capt. Barons of the Ship Briſtol, was boarded by the Theſis Frigate, in lat. 41. long. 31. 50. who treated him with the greateſt civility. *The Frigate belonged to a Britiſh ſquadron of ſeven ſail, that had taken 7 prizes then in company, 4 of which were Eaſt Indiamen.*

The French frigate Aſtrea, of 44 guns, is arrived at Annapolis.

MARRIED

On Saturday evening laſt, by the Rev. Mr. Biſſet, Capt. CHARLES GILBERT, *to Miſs* ELIZA ANN BANKS, *daughter of Mr. John Banks of this city.*

On Thurſday the 29th ult. by the Rev. Dr. Rodgers, Mr. —— FOWLER, *to Miſs* MARIA KUMBLE, *daughter of Mr. William Kumble of this city.*

"May kind love from the leaves of roſes,
Prepare your ſoft nuptial bed,
Whilſt their bluſh a pure emblem hat glows
Of the paſſion by which you are led.
A race may kind Heaven beſtow
In love with pure virtue's fair charms,
And the laſt deareſt bliſs you ſhall know,
T'expire in each other's fond arms."

WANTED, a Houſe-Maid, who will meet with good wages in a ſmall family—Enquire at this Office.

TIMPSON and GILMOR,

Cabinet and Chair Makers, No. 18 and 19, Great Dock-Street, between Coenties and Old Slip, New-York,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced buſineſs together, to carry on the Cabinet and Chair making buſineſs in all its various branches.

They take this method of returning their ſincere thanks to their friends and the public in general, for their generous, and hope for a further continuance of their favors, as they ſhall endeavor to meet their approbation.

They likewiſe carry on the Windſor Chair-Making in all its branches.

Orders from the Country will be carefully attended to and thankfully received.

N. B. Two or three Journeymen are wanted at the above buſineſs. None need apply but good workmen. *June* 29. 68

WANTED, an Apprentice to a good trade, which inſures conſtant work, a lad of about 16 years of age, none but ſuch as can be well recommended will be taken. Apply to the Printer hereof. 75—

New Music.

IN preparation, and will ſpeedily be ready for delivery, a collection of the neweſt and moſt approved SONGS now ſinging both in London and America, amongſt which are, thoſe much admired ſongs of Mr. Dibdin's, the RARA AVIS —ROSES and LILIES—VIRTUE—and the LAMPLIGHTER, with a number of others, one of which is intended to be publiſhed every week; each ſong will contain three pages of muſic, adapted to the Piano Forte and Harpſichord, Violin, German Flute and Guitar, price 1s. the firſt ſong will be ready for delivery in a few days by the ſubſcriber at his ſtore No. 38, Maiden-Lane, where ſubſcriptions will be received from thoſe who may approve of his

PROPOSALS,

For publiſhing by ſubſcription, a collection of airs with variations, for the Piano Forte, Violin, German Flute and Guitar, amongſt which will be thoſe admired variations of ROSLINE CASTLE and MALBROUK, with a few favorite ſongs, to form one handſome volume folio, with 30 pages muſic, intended as an entertaining ſet of leſſons for the above inſtruments; to be delivered to the ſubſcribers at one dollar each: as part of the plates are already finiſhed, it will be printed as ſoon as a ſufficient number of ſubſcribers appear, by the public's moſt obedient

JAMES HARRISON.

A General Aſſortment of Books, Stationary and Hardware—Maps and Charts—the only ſtore in New-York, where can be had, the

CHART OF HISTORY,

By Dr. Joſeph Prieſtly, L. L. D. F. R. S. containing a view of the principal Revolutions of Empire that have taken place in the world. 70tf

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MILLINARY.

MARY PRINCE,

No. 13 1-2, William-ſtreet, New-York.

HAVING procured the greateſt variety of bonnets, ſilks, vellum and other faſhionable ribbons, flatters herſelf ſhe has it now in her power of ſerving her cuſtomers with as elegant new-faſhioned bonnets as any perſon of her line in this city. She has now on hand the following variety.

The Union, Belvidier, Imperial Cottage, Queens Baſket, Queens Village, Engliſh, Scotch, Slouch, Old Ladies, Patterſon, Village, Cottage, and York Bonnets of the greateſt variety of colours and prices, Calaſhes, Cloaks, and Shades, covered Chip Hats, and Scorch Nett Caps, with a great variety of other articles in the above line too tedious to mention.

N. B. Being determined to decline the dry good buſineſs, a ſmall quantity remaining on hand will be diſpoſed of at prime coſt, or under.

THE proprietors of the DILIGENCE beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have altered their hours of ſtarting from ſun-riſe in the morning from Powlis's Hook, to that of 9 o'clock every day in the week, except Sunday, and ſtart every Saturday morning at 7 o'clock, and on Friday at 3 o'clock. Seats for this Stage muſt be engaged of JAMES CARR, at the Mail Stage Office, City Tavern, Broad-Way. The fare of each paſſenger, 4 Dollars, way-paſſengers, 4d. per mile, 150lb. of baggage the ſame as a paſſenger, the baggage at the riſque of the owner. Seven paſſengers can only be admitted in this Stage, on any pretence whatever.

☞ Expreſſes and extra Stages to be had at this Office, to go to any part of the Continent.

JOHN N. CUMMINGS, & Co.

American Manufactured

BLACK LEAD POTS,

Equal to any imported and cheaper.

BLACK LEAD, both coarſe and fine, for the purpoſe of blackening Franklin Stoves, and irons with braſs heads, Plains of various ſorts good Glue, Brands, of copper or caſt iron, of any deſcription, Screw Augers, Pots, Kettles, Griddles, Pye Pans, iron Tea Kettles, wool and cotton Cards, &c.—Alſo, a general aſſortment of

IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, &c.

Lately imported, and will be diſpoſed of on reaſonable terms, by

GARRET H. VAN WAGENEN,
No. 2, Beekman-Slip.

SUPERFINE CLOTHS.

Imported in the Ship Peter, Captain Huſſey,

Beſt London Superfine Broad Cloths,

Among which are the moſt faſhionable mixtures,

Alſo by the lateſt Spring Veſſels,

Navy blue, dark and light do. green drabs, pearls, lead, ſlate, browns, dark, ſnuff, black and ravens grey, and a variety of very handſome mixtures and trimmings, ſuitable for the above.

Caſſimeres of different colours milled and plain,
Veſt patterns of different kinds,
Muſlins tamboured with gold, ſilver and ſilk,
Silk Florentine of a ſuperior quality,
Striped Nankeens and India do.

for ſale by

CALEB HAVILAND,
Taylor, No 13, Golden Hill-ſtreet.

Who returns his ſincere thanks to thoſe who have favoured him with their cuſtom; and now aſſures them and the public in general, that he is furniſhed with cloths and trimmings of a ſuperiour quality, and is determined to ſell them at as reaſonable a rate as any perſon can afford in this city.

CORNWELL and MARTIN,

From Birmingham,

RESPECTFULLY inform their Friends and the Public in general, they have eſtabliſhed a manufactory, for gilt and plated Buttons, at Corlears Hook, New-York, where they intend carrying on the buſineſs in all its branches.—All orders will be punctually attended to, and executed with elegance and diſpatch, upon the loweſt terms. July 6.

MR. MACK,

Miniature Painter.

WHOSE performances have been ſo much admired, by the lovers and promoters of the Fine Arts, returns his grateful thanks, for the very liberal encouragement he has received ſince in this city, and begs a continuance of favors, which he hopes to merit, being ſo fortunate as never to fail taking the moſt ſtriking likeneſs of every ſubject he attempts.

New-York, Maiden Lane, No. 43.
Auguſt 3, 1793

Seabury Champlin & Edward Burling,
Under the Firm of

CHAMPLIN and BURLING,

No. 53, Beekman-ſtreet,

TAKE the liberty of ſoliciting the favours of their particular friends, and of the Public in general. They carry on the Cabinet Making buſineſs in all its branches, and have in their Ware Room, a variety of Faſhionable and well made Mahogany Furniture, which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms.

N. B. Particular orders will be attended to in ſuch a manner as to merit future favours.

New-York, 22d. June, 1793. 67 tf.

KNITTING COTTON.

Of the BETHLEHEM MANUFACTORY, *juſt arrived and for ſale by*

ROBERT M'MENNOMY,

No. 82, William-Street,

WHO reſpectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has purchaſed the ſtore of Goods of Mr. Henry Ten Brook, and added thereto a general aſſortment of ſeaſonable fancy articles, which will be diſpoſed of by the piece or yard, at the moſt reduced prices, for Caſh.

He ſolicits the continuence of Mr. Ten Brook's former cuſtomers, and aſſures them every attention ſhall be paid to their orders, and dealt with on the ſame principles. *June 29. tf.*

HARDWARE.

JEREMIAH HALLETT, and Co's Store, removed from No. 52, to No 173, Water-ſtreet, between Burling-Slip and the Fly-Market, where may be had, a general aſſortment of Ironmongery, &c. Alſo, Tin Plates in Boxes.

HARDWARE STORE.

WILLIAM VAN WAGENEN has removed his ſtore to No. 61, Water ſtreet, between Beekman and Burling ſlip, where all orders will be thankfully received and punctually executed.

COPPERPLATE PRINTING.

JOHN BURGER, Jun. returns his thanks to his friends and former cuſtomers, and takes this method to inform them that he has removed from Barclay-ſtreet, to Maiden Lane, the corner of Green-ſtreet, a few doors below the Oſwego Market, where he carries on the buſineſs of COPPERPLATE PRINTING in all its various branches, he ſolicits the continuance of the favours of his friends and the public and hopes, by an unremitted attention to buſineſs, to give the utmoſt ſatisfaction. Bills of Lading Exchange &c. &c. may be had at the ſhorteſt notice. 75. tf.

CASTELLI,

ITALIAN STAY MAKER,

Juſt returned from Charleſton, No. 71, Broad-Way, oppoſite the City Tavern,

RETURNS his ſincere thanks to the ladies of this city, for the great encouragement he has received, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favours by due attention, and the ſtricteſt punctuality. He continues to make all ſorts of ſtays, Italian ſhapes, French Corſet, Engliſh ſtays, Turn ſtays, Suckling ſtays, Riding ſtays and all ſorts of dreſſes, in the moſt elegant and neweſt faſhion. June 15. 66

JOHN HERTTELL, Jun.

HAS for ſale, at his bake houſe, No. 6 Dover Street, Ship, Pilot, Bread and Crackers, made of the beſt materials and fit for any market. Merchants, maſters of veſſels and others may be ſupplied with any quantity, with the utmoſt diſpatch, Their orders will be thankfully received, and faithfully executed. 72—8t

New-York July 26, 1793.

PAINTING, GILDING and GLAZING.

No. 43, Smith-Street.

THE Subſcriber returns his thanks to his friends and the public for their generous encouragement in the line of his buſineſs.

SHIP and HOUSE PAINTING,
done with neatneſs and diſpatch.

Ornamental Painting, & Signs elegantly executed.

JOHN VANDER POOL.

NEW-YORK, SEPTEMBER 14.

A Terrible FIRE broke out at Philadelphia laſt Saturday morning, at about 4 o'clock, in the ſoap houſe of Mr. A. Kennedy, in Second ſtreet, between Market and Cheſnut ſtreets, by which 2 buildings of Mr. Kennedy, with his expenſive works and improvements, were conſumed, together with two frames of Mr. Flickwir, and part of the PRINTING OFFICE of Mr. Dobſon, in which many valuable Printing materials were deſtroyed. Particulars have not been aſcertained, but it is ſaid, the loſs of Kennedy and Dobſon exceeds 2000l. Mr. William Cooper, and a little daughter of Mr. William Richardſon, were unfortunately killed by the parting of the wall. The fire raged with ſuch vehemency, that it was not brought under without the utmoſt exertions, which were rendered more efficacious by the zeal of the French from on board the veſſels, who plied their ſhip engines in the moſt dangerous places.

We have ſeveral accounts of the ſtate of the FEVER at Philadelphia; and, if we may be permitted to draw a medium line, it is much more favorable than hitherto—the *favorable*, however, ſeems to be, not that it ceaſes to ſpread, but that methods of curing it are diſcovered. It is Dr. Ruſh's opinion, that not more than 1 in 30 die.—All the large towns are uſing precautions againſt this diſtemper. Peſtilential diſtempers rage in the Windward and Leward Weſt-India iſlands. Veſſels are ordered quarantine in the Delaware until examined. Such an order is alſo iſſued by the Governor of South Carolina.

Extract of a letter from an officer on board the Boſton (Britiſh) frigate, to his friend in New-York, dated Halifax, Aug. 26.

"*Dear Sir,*

"Before this reaches you, you will have heard of the action betwixt us and the Ambuſcade, our loſs is as follows—Capt. Courtnay and Mr. Butler of the Marines, killed early in the action, with 8 others, and 24 wounded, amongſt which are the firſt and ſecond Lieutenant—neither dangerouſly. We have ſuffered a *little* in our hull, but very much in our rigging; our men ſeemed to be in good ſpirits, conſidering the loſs of our capt. but after the loſs of our main top-maſt, the French Fleet was diſcovered from the maſt head, and we were obliged to make all the ſail we could."

We learn, that by order of the diſtrict judge of South Carolina, the men which Capt. Riley carried into Charleſton, are to be tried at the October circuit, for PIRACY.

On Friday the 6th inſt. the Court of Oyer and Terminer held for this State in Weſt Cheſter county, paſſed ſentence of death on John Ryer, for the murder of Iſaac Smith, late deputy ſheriff, in ſaid county. He is to be executed on the 2d day of October next.

They write from Norfolk, that the Orient, capt. Dickwater, a 74 gun ſhip, from the Weſt-Indies, being part of the fleet under admiral Gardiner, conſiſting of 3 ſail of the line and five frigates, arrived in Hampton road on the 26th ult. on account of the hurricane months. The Orient has taken the Sans Culotte.

A gentleman, well known in this city and Salem, and who arrived yeſterday from the latter place, informs, that he had converſed with the capt. of the ſhip which arrived there on Tueſday laſt, in 50 days from Nantz, who told him, that he was an EYE WITNESS of the action of the 29th of June, between the patriots and inſurgents—That it was reported, there were 35,000 of the inſurgents embodied, with an intention of attacking Nantz—That the Patriots being appriſed of it, made a ſally upon them, routed and defeated their whole body, leaving near 15,000 dead—That the inſurrection was entirely at an end; and that the Patriots were determined on eſtabliſhing a Conſtitution, without the interference of any power on earth—That the Patriotic Females of Nantz, were ſpiritedly employed, previouſly to the action, in preparing lint and proviſions, to aid in cruſhing the rebellion—That Valenciennes and Conde were not taken, and no danger apprehended from the combined forces—In ſhort, that the affairs of France wore a more pleaſing aſpect than at any time ſince their Revolution; and that it was believed at Nantz, that the Britiſh cabinet were the principal fomenters of all their internal commotions. [*Boſton Paper.*]

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Philadelphia, to his friend in this city, Sept. 10.

"Our neighbourhood is as yet very healthy, ſeveral have been cured of the fever, which proves that its violence is abating; new caſes are not ſo frequent as at firſt. Secretary Hamilton and his wife are on the recovery."

The Age of Chivalry is gone.

As a proof of the little reſpect paid by the French to the fair ſex ſince the revolution, we inſert the following Anecdote:

The women of Toulon lately declared themſelves in a ſtate of inſurrection, aſſembled in crowds, and threatened to hang the magiſtrates if they did not lower the price of ſugar. The Procurator Syndic at firſt laughed at their threats, but when he ſaw the riot become ſerious, he aſſembled the council general of the commons. The council general ordered the fire engines with a plentiful ſupply of water mixed with ſoot, to be drawn out in battle array, and by a vigorous diſcharge of this ſmutty artillery, the inſurgents in petticoats were completely routed and diſperſed, without the conſolation of an honorable wound.

Philadelphia, Sept. 9—On Friday laſt Capt. Philips of the ſchooner Elizabeth arrived here, in nineteen days from Cape Francois, with part of his outward bound cargo, at which place the greateſt confuſion prevailed, the negroes and mulattoes in continual commotion, not being able to agree reſpecting the plunder found in that city.

New-Haven, Aug. 21—Wedneſday laſt, Eliſha Street of Cheſhire, was committed to the gaol in this city, being charged with the murder of a daughter of Mr. John Lee Hitchcock, about five years old.

Some of the particulars of which are—That on Tueſday laſt week, Mrs. Hitchcock being at home, with two children, both in a cradle, the one above mentioned, and an infant about eight weeks old, the only perſons of the family at home; Mrs. Hitchcock obſerving Street, coming towards the houſe, with a hoe in one hand, and a club in the other, and had nearly got to to the door before the diſcovered him, was greatly alarmed from what ſhe knew of his character, immediately left the houſe, and the two children, being under no apprehenſions for their ſafety, and ran to a neighbour's, about fifty rods diſtant; Street ran through the houſe, and followed her, till finding he could not overtake her before ſhe reached her neighbour's, left the purſuit, and was ſeen to return to Mr. Hitchcock's houſe, going in at one door and out at another. Mrs. Hitchcock, ſuppoſing he had gone off, returned home—where preſented to her view, the horrible ſpectacle of an amiable child murdered, lying over the ſide of the cradle—her head ſevered apart, and brains running on the floor—the infant that was aſleep having received no injury. The murderer being purſued in a ſwamp from whence, on finding he could not [illegible] by cutting [illegible] before he had fully effected his purpoſe; the wound at firſt, was ſuppoſed to be mortal, the blood ſtreaming copiouſly from it; but he is now in a fair way for recovery. He has a wife and four children.

COURT OF HYMEN

MARRIED

On Sunday the 1ſt inſt. by the Rev. Mr. Moore, Mr. SOLOMON POWELL, *of North-Hempſtead, to the moſt amiable Miſs* SUSANNAH SMITH, *of South-Hempſtead, Long-Iſland.*

On Wedneſday the 4th inſt. by the Rev. Mr. Hart, Mr. JAMES HILL, *aged 75 years, to Mrs.* SARAH ROGERS, *widow of Jacamiah Rogers aged 65 years—both of Huntington.*

On Saturday evening laſt, by the Rev. Mr Miller, Mr. JOHN SWARTWOUT, *to Miſs* MARIA SMITH, *both of this city.*

On Sunday evening laſt, by the Rev. Dr. Rogers, Mr. TIMOTHY BURR, *of Hartford, to Miſs* SUSAN MARIA HURTIN, *of this city.*

On Wedneſday laſt, Mr. LEVY PHILLIPS, *to the amiable Miſs* HETTY HAYS, *daughter of Mr. Michael Hays, of this city.*

Same day, at the Friends Meeting Houſe, Mr. THOMAS BECKLY, *to Miſs* ANN LAWRENCE, *daughter of Mr. John Lawrence of this city.*

"*May ye all heaveuly bleſſings ſhare,*
With each terreſtrial good,—
Be happy as the firſt-born pair,
While innocent they ſtood"

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Arrivals Since our laſt.

Packet Queen Charlotte,	Radcliffe,	Falmouth & Halifax
Ship Liberty,	M'Dougall,	Havre-de-Grace
Belvidere,	Flowers,	London
Active,	Seaman,	Liverpool
Brig Almy,	Cutter,	Glaſgow, 72 paſſengers
William,	Coffin,	New-Providence
Eliza,	Elkins,	Havre-de-Grace
Dedaleſs,	Stanley,	Cadiz
Schooner York,	Boyd,	Cape-Francois & Philad.
Sloop Free-Maſon,	Gadet,	Bermuda
Alexander Hamilton,	Backus,	Charleſton

THE Subſcriber returns his ſincere thanks to his employers and the public for their generous patronage, and informs them, that he has *reſigned* his ſchool in Brekman-ſtreet, No. 6, to Mr. John Coffin, a gentleman of a liberal education, and good recommendations, both as to his moral character and qualifications as an inſtructor of youth—As ſuch he begs leave to introduce him to the patronage of the public.

Sept. 14. PETER HAWES.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on Thurſday laſt, an Apprentice Boy named MICHAEL CONREY, by trade a Hatter; he is about 6 feet high, round ſhouldered, dark brown hair, wears it tied, and is about 19 years of age. He had on when he went away a ſhort blue Coatee, a light coloured jean waiſtcoat, ſtriped trowſers, a faſhionable black hat, a ſilver watch in his pocket, and took with him a number of very good clothes, amongſt which are a light blue broad cloth, and a ſtriped nankeen coat.

Whoever will take up ſaid apprentice and return him to the ſubſcriber, No. 76, Queen-ſtreet, ſhall receive the above reward & all reaſonable charges.

All maſters of veſſels and others are forbid harbouring or carrying off ſaid apprentice.

Sept. 14. JAMES TELLER.

TWO APPRENTICES *wanted to the Taylaring buſineſs that can be well recommended—Pleaſe to apply to the Printer.* 79 tf

BREAD KEGS.

BREAD KEGS of different sizes, made and sold at No. 13, Crown-ſtreet, where Bakers, Grocers and others, may be ſupplied at ſhort notice, and on reaſonable terms for caſh. 1y

April 20, 1793. WILLIAM CARGILL.

ANDREW S. NORWOOD,

UPHOLSTERER,

No 31, Beekman-Street, New-York,

HAVING *commenced buſineſs in the above line ſolicits the patronage of his Friends and the Public. He is determined that his aſſiduity and exertions to give ſatisfaction to his employers, will merit a continuance of their favours.*

He makes Sofas, Settees, Eaſy and other Chairs, Feather Beds, Hair Mattraſſes, Flock do. Venetian Blinds, Bed and Window Curtains, &c. Ships Cabins furniſhed with Curtains and Mattraſſes, &c. &c. &c.——PAPER HANGINGS put up with Neatneſs and Diſpatch.

☞ *An* APPRENTICE *wanted to the above buſineſs, one that can be well recommended.*

S. LOYD,

Stay, Mantua-Maker and Milliner.

BEGS leave to inform her friends and the public in general, that ſhe carries on the above buſineſs in all its branches, at No. 21, Great Dock-ſtreet.—She returns her moſt grateful acknowlegements to her friends and the public for paſt favors and hopes to merit a continuence of them.

Thoſe ladies who pleaſe to favor her with their commands, may depend on the utmoſt exertions to give ſatisfaction, and the loweſt terms.

Orders from town or country punctually obeyed.

July 20, 1793. 71—1y.

MILLINARY.

MARY PRINCE,

No. 13 1-2, *William-ſtreet, New-York.*

HAVING procured the greateſt variety of bonnets, ſilks, vellum and other faſhionable ribbons, flatters herſelf ſhe has it now in her power of ſerving her cuſtomers with as elegant new-faſhioned bonnets as any perſon of her line in this city. She has now on hand the following variety.

The Union, Belvidier, Imperial Cottage, Queens Baſket, Queens Village, Engliſh, Scotch, Slouch, Old Ladies, Patterſon, Village, Cottage, and York Bonnets of the greateſt variety of colours and prices. Calaſhes, Cloaks, and Shades, covered Chip Hats, and Scotch Nett Caps, with a great variety of other articles in the above line too tedious to mention.

N. B. Being determined to decline the dry good buſineſs, a ſmall quantity remaining on hand will be diſpoſed of at prime coſt, or under.

THE proprietors of the DILIGENCE beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have altered their hours of ſtarting from ſun-riſe in the morning from Powlis's Hook, to that of 9 o'clock every day in the week, except Sunday, and ſtart every Saturday morning at 7 o'clock, and on Friday at 3 o'clock. Seats for this Stage muſt be engaged of JAMES CARR, at the Mail Stage Office, City Tavern, Broad-Way. The fare of each paſſenger, 4 Dollars, way-paſſengers, 4d. per mile, 150lb. of baggage the ſame as a paſſenger, the baggage at the riſque of the owner. Seven paſſengers can only be admitted in this Stage, on any pretence whatever.

☞ Expreſſes and extra Stages to be had at this Office, to go to any part of the Continent.

JOHN N. CUMMINGS, & Co.

March 23.

American Manufactured

BLACK LEAD POTS,

Equal to any imported and cheaper.

BLACK LEAD, both coarſe and fine, for the purpoſe of blackening Franklin Stoves, and irons with braſs heads, Plains of various ſorts good Glue, Brands, of copper or caſt iron, of any deſcription, Screw Augers, Pots, Kettles, Griddles, Pye Pans, iron Tea Kettles, wool and cotton Cards, &c.—Alſo, a general aſſortment of

IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, &c.

Lately imported, and will be diſpoſed of on reaſonable terms, by

GARRET H. VAN WAGENEN,

No. 2, Beekman-Slip.

SUPERFINE CLOTHS.

Imported in the Ship Peter, Captain Huſſey,

Beſt London Superfine Broad Cloths,

Among which are the moſt faſhionable mixtures,

Alſo by the lateſt Spring Veſſels,

Navy blue, dark and light do. green drabs, pearls, lead, ſlate, browns, dark, ſnuff, black and ravens grey, and a variety of very handſome mixtures and trimmings, ſuitable for the above.

Caſſimeres of different colours milled and plain,

Veſt patterns of different kinds,

Muſlins tamboured with gold, ſilver and ſilk,

Silk Florentine of a ſuperior quality,

Striped Nankeens and India do.

for ſale by

CALEB HAVILAND,

Taylor, No 13, *Golden-Hill-ſtreet.*

Who returns his ſincere thanks to thoſe who have favoured him with their cuſtom; and now aſſures them and the public in general, that he is furniſhed with cloths and trimmings of a ſuperiour quality, and is determined to ſell them at as reaſonable a rate as any perſon can afford in this city.

CORNWELL and MARTIN,

From Birmingham,

RESPECTFULLY inform their Friends and the Public in general, they have eſtabliſhed a manufactory, for gilt and plated Buttons, at Corlears Hook, New-York, where they intend carrying on the buſineſs in all its branches.—All orders will be punctually attended to, and executed with elegance and diſpatch, upon the loweſt terms. July 6.

Mr. MACK,

Miniature Painter.

WHOSE performances have been ſo much admired, by the lovers and promoters of the Fine Arts, returns his grateful thanks, for the very liberal encouragement he has received ſince in this city, and begs a continuance of favors, which he hopes to merit, being ſo fortunate as never to fail taking the moſt ſtriking likeneſs of every ſubject he attempts.

New-York, Maiden Lane, No. 43.

Auguſt 3, 1793

Seabury Champlin & Edward Burling,

Under the Firm of

CHAMPLIN and BURLING,

No. 53, Beekman-ſtreet,

TAKE the liberty of ſoliciting the favours of their particular friends, and of the Public in general. They carry on the Cabinet Making buſineſs in all its branches, and have in their Ware Room, a variety of Faſhionable and well made Mahogany Furniture, which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms.

N. B. Particular orders will be attended to in ſuch a [illegible]

New-[illegible]

KNITTING COTTON.

Of the BETHLEHEM MANUFACTORY, *juſt arrived and for ſale by*

ROBERT M'MENNOMY,

No. 82, *William-Street,*

WHO reſpectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has purchaſed the ſtore of Goods of Mr. Henry Ten Brook, and added thereto a general aſſortment of ſeaſonable fancy articles, which will be diſpoſed of by the piece or yard, at the moſt reduced prices, for Caſh.

He ſolicits the continuence of Mr. Ten Brook's former cuſtomers, and aſſures them every attention ſhall be paid to their orders, and dealt with on the ſame principles. *June* 29. *tf.*

HARDWARE.

JEREMIAH HALLETT, and Co's Store, removed from No. 52, to No 173, Water-ſtreet, between Burling-Slip and the Fly-Market, where may be had, a general aſſortment of Ironmongery, &c. Alſo, Tin Plates in Boxes.

HARDWARE STORE.

WILLIAM V WAGENEN has removed his ſtore to No. 61, Water ſtreet, between Beekman and Burling ſlip, where all orders will be thankfully received and punctually executed.

COPPERPLATE PRINTING.

JOHN BURGER, Jun. returns his thanks to his friends and former cuſtomers, and takes this method to inform them that he has removed from Barclay-ſtreet, to Maiden Lane, the corner of Green-ſtreet, a few doors below the Oſwego Market, where he carries on the buſineſs of COPPERPLATE PRINTING in all its various branches, he ſolicits the continuance of the favours of his friends and the public and hopes, by an unremitted attention to buſineſs, to give the utmoſt ſatisfaction. Bills of Lading Exchange &c. &c. may be had at the ſhorteſt notice. 75. tf.

CASTELLI,

ITALIAN STAY MAKER,

Juſt returned from Charleſton, No. 71, *Broad-Way, oppoſite the City Tavern,*

RETURNS his ſincere thanks to the ladies of this city, for the great encouragement he has received, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favours by due attention, and the ſtricteſt punctuality. He continues to make all ſorts of ſtays, Italian ſhapes, French Corſet, Engliſh ſtays, Turn ſtays, Suckling ſtays, Riding ſtays and all ſorts of dreſſes, in the moſt elegant and neweſt faſhion. June 15. 66

JOHN HERTTELL, Jun.

HAS for ſale, at his bake houſe, No 6 Dover Street, Ship, Pilot, Bread and Crackers, made of the beſt materials and fit for any market. Merchants, maſters of veſſels and others may be ſupplied with any quantity, with the utmoſt diſpatch, Their orders will be thankfully received, and faithfully executed. 72—8t

New-York July 26, 1793.

PAINTING, GILDING and GLAZING.

No. 43, *Smith-Street.*

THE Subſcriber returns his thanks to his friends and the public for their generous encouragement in the line of his buſineſs.

SHIP and HOUSE PAINTING,

done with neatneſs and diſpatch.

Ornamental Painting, & Signs elegantly executed.

JOHN VANDER POOL.